

Largest and Smallest Genome in the World

Dr. Ali Karami, Ph.D

Associate Professor of Medical Biotechnology,

Genetic Engineering and Molecular Biology

Research Center of Molecular Biology

Baqiyatallah University of Medical Science

PO.Box 19945-581, Tehran- IRAN

Karami@bmsu.ac.ir

One of the **largest genomes** belongs to a very small creature, Amoeba dubia. This protozoan genome has 670 billion units of DNA, or base pairs. The genome of a cousin, Amoeba proteus, has a mere 290 billion base pairs, making it 100 times larger than the human genome.

Human genome is 3000.000.000 base pair, if we publish it as a book it needs 1000 books of 1000 pages.

Smallest genome identified is from a Viroid family, Viroids are the *smallest* known pathogenic agents and one of the smallest belongs to the Grapevine yellow speckle viroid with 220 nucleotide and Rice yellow mottle virus satellite with 220 bp then avocado sunblotch viroid (ASBV) linear; genomic RNA with 247 BP size (<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/genomes/viroid.html>)

Genome size

Organism type	Organism	Genome size (base pairs)	Note
Virus	Bacteriophage MS2	3,569 3.5kb	First sequenced RNA-genome
Virus	SV40	5,224 5.2kb	
Virus	Phage Φ-X174	5,386 5.4kb	First sequenced DNA-genome
Virus	HIV	9,749 9.7kb	
Virus	Phage λ	48,502 48kb	Often used as a vector for the cloning of recombinant DNA.
Virus	Megavirus	1,259,197 1.3Mb	Largest known viral genome.
Bacterium	Haemophilus influenzae	1,830,000 1.8Mb	First genome of a living organism sequenced, July 1995
Bacterium	Carsonella ruddii	159,662 160kb	Smallest non-viral genome.

Organism type	Organism	Genome size (base pairs)	Note
<u>Bacterium</u>	<u><i>Buchnera aphidicola</i></u>	600,000 600kb	
<u>Bacterium</u>	<u><i>Wigglesworthia glossinidia</i></u>	700,000 700Kb	
<u>Bacterium</u>	<u><i>Escherichia coli</i></u>	4,600,000 4.6Mb	
<u>Bacterium</u>	<u><i>Solibacter usitatus</i></u> (strain Ellin 6076)	9,970,000 10Mb	
<u>Amoeboid</u>	<u><i>Polychaos dubium</i></u> ("Amoeba" dubia)	670,000,000,000 670Gb	Largest known genome.
<u>Plant</u>	<u><i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i></u>	157,000,000 157Mb	First plant genome sequenced, December 2000.
<u>Plant</u>	<u><i>Genlisea margaretae</i></u>	63,400,000 63Mb	Smallest recorded <u>flowering plant</u> genome, 2006.
<u>Plant</u>	<u><i>Fritillaria assyrica</i></u>	130,000,000,000 130Gb	
<u>Plant</u>	<u><i>Populus trichocarpa</i></u>	480,000,000 480Mb	First tree genome sequenced, September 2006 ¹
<u>Plant</u>	<u><i>Paris japonica</i></u> (Japanese-native, pale-petal)	150,000,000,000 150Gb	Largest plant genome known
<u>Moss</u>	<u><i>Physcomitrella patens</i></u>	480,000,000 480Mb	First genome of a <u>bryophyte</u> sequenced, January 2008.
<u>Yeast</u>	<u><i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i></u>	12,100,000 12.1Mb	First eukaryotic genome sequenced, 1996
<u>Fungus</u>	<u><i>Aspergillus nidulans</i></u>	30,000,000 30Mb	
<u>Nematode</u>	<u><i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i></u>	100,300,000 100Mb	First multicellular animal genome sequenced, December 1998
<u>Nematode</u>	<u><i>Pratylenchus coffeae</i></u>	20,000,000 20Mb	Smallest animal genome known
<u>Insect</u>	<u><i>Drosophila melanogaster</i></u> (fruit fly)	130,000,000 130Mb	
<u>Insect</u>	<u><i>Bombyx mori</i></u> (silk moth)	432,000,000 432Mb	14,623 predicted genes
<u>Insect</u>	<u><i>Apis mellifera</i></u> (honey bee)	236,000,000 236Mb	
<u>Insect</u>	<u><i>Solenopsis invicta</i></u> (fire ant)	480,000,000 480Mb	
<u>Fish</u>	<u><i>Tetraodon nigroviridis</i></u> (type of puffer fish)	385,000,000 390Mb	Smallest vertebrate genome known estimated to be 340 Mb 385 Mb
<u>Mammal</u>	<u><i>Mus musculus</i></u>	2,700,000,000 2.7Gb	
<u>Mammal</u>	<u><i>Homo sapiens</i></u>	3,200,000,000 3.2Gb	<i>Homo sapiens</i> estimated

Organism type	Organism	Genome size (base pairs)	Note
			genome size 3.2 billion bp
<u>Fish</u>	<u><i>Proptopterus aethiopicus</i></u> (marbled lungfish)	130,000,000,000 130Gb	Initial sequencing and analysis of the human genome Largest vertebrate genome known

A Sample of Species and Genome Size (in base pairs)

Amoeba dubia
670,000,000,000



Amoeba proteus
290,000,000,000



Bufo bufo
6,900,000,000



Homo sapiens
2,900,000,000



Muntiacus muntjak vaginalis
2,521,500,000



Boa constrictor
2,100,000,000



Rhinolophus ferrumequinum
1,929,400,000



Plasmodium falciparum
25,000,000



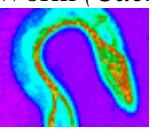
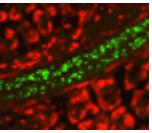
Human immunodeficiency
virus type 1
19,750



Source: [Database of Genome Sizes \(Center for Biological Sequence Analysis\)](#)

Among the organisms whose genomes are sequenced, genome size does not correlate with the number of genes.

Species	Size of genome	Number of genes
Human A photograph of three human chromosomes, each consisting of two blue-colored X-shaped structures.	2.9 billion base pairs	30,000
Fruit fly (<i>Drosophila melanogaster</i>) A photograph of a fruit fly, showing its characteristic red body and transparent wings.	120 million base pairs	13,601
Baker's yeast (<i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i>) A photograph of a colony of Baker's yeast, appearing as a cluster of small, round, yellowish-orange cells.	12 million base pairs	6,275

Worm (<i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i>) 	97 million base pairs	19,000
<i>E. coli</i> 	4.1 million base pairs	4,800
Arabidopsis (<i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i>) 	125 million base pairs	25,000